

**Conditions Annexed to and Forming Part
of Land Use Permit MV2016S0016**

Part A: Scope of Permit

1. This Permit entitles "PERMITEE" to conduct the following land-use operation:

- a) conduct soil investigations;
- b) conduct drilling;
- c) conduct test pitting; and
- d) use of machinery.

2. This Permit is issued subject to the conditions contained herein with respect to the use of land for the activities and area identified in Part A, item 1 of this Permit.
3. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit does not excuse the Permittee from its obligation to comply with the requirements of any applicable Federal, Territorial, Tłıchǫ, or Municipal laws.

Part B: Definitions (defined terms are capitalized throughout the Permit)

Act - the *Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act*.

Board - the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board established under Part 4 of the Act.

Drilling Fluids - any liquid mixture of water, sediment, drilling muds, chemical additives or other wastes that are pumped down hole while drilling and are specifically related to drilling activity.

Drilling Waste - all materials or chemicals, solid or liquid, associated with drilling, including drill cuttings and Drilling Fluids.

Engagement Plan – a document, developed in accordance with the Board's June 2013, or amended editions, Engagement and Consultation Policy and the Engagement Guidelines for Applicants and Holders of Water Licences and Land Use Permits, that clearly describes how, when, and which engagement activities will occur with an affected party during the life of the project.

Fuel Storage Tank - a closed container for the storage of petroleum or allied petroleum products with a capacity of more than 230 litres.

Greywater - all liquid wastes from showers, baths, sinks, kitchens, and domestic washing facilities but not including toilet wastes.

Habitat - the area or type of site where a species or an individual of a species of wildlife naturally occurs or on which it depends, directly or indirectly, to carry out its life processes.

Inspector - an Inspector designated by the Minister under the *Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act*.

Minister - the Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development Canada or the Minister of the Government of the Northwest Territories – Department of Lands, as the case may be.

Ordinary High Water Mark - the usual or average level to which a body of water rises at its highest point and remains for sufficient time so as to change the characteristics of the land. In flowing waters (rivers, streams) this refers to the “active channel/bank-full level” which is often the 1:2 year flood flow return level. In inland lakes, wetlands, or marine environments, it refers to those parts of the Watercourse bed and banks that are frequently flooded by water so as to leave a mark on the land and where the natural vegetation changes from predominately aquatic vegetation to terrestrial vegetation (excepting water tolerant species). For reservoirs, this refers to normal high operating levels (full supply level).

Permittee – Indigenous Affairs and Northern Development Canada – Contaminants and Remediation Division

Secondary Containment - containment that prevents liquids that leak from Fuel Storage Tanks or containers from reaching outside the containment area and includes double-walled Tanks, piping, liners, and impermeable barriers.

Sewage - all toilet wastes and Greywater.

Spill Contingency Plan - a document, developed in accordance with Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada’s *Guidelines for Spill Contingency Planning* (April 2007), that describes the set of procedures to be implemented to minimize the effects of a spill.

Sump - a man-made pit or natural depression in the earth's surface used for the purpose of depositing waste that does not contain Toxic Material, such as non-toxic Drilling Waste or Sewage, therein.

Toxic Material- any substance that enters or may enter the environment in a quantity or concentration or under conditions such that it:

- a) Has or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment or its biological diversity;
- b) Constitutes or may constitute a danger to the environment on which life depends; or
- c) Constitutes or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health.

Waste – any garbage, debris, chemical, or Toxic Material to be used, stored, disposed of, or handled on land, and also as defined in section 51 of the Act.

Waste Management Plan (WMP) - a document, developed in accordance with the Board’s *Guidelines for Developing a Waste Management Plan*, that describes the methods of waste management from waste generation to final disposal.

Watercourse - a natural body of flowing or standing water or an area occupied by water during part of the year, and includes streams, springs, swamps and gulches but does not include groundwater.

Part C: Conditions Applying to All Activities (headings correspond to subsection 26(1) of the Mackenzie Valley Land Use Regulations)

	Condition	Category
	26(1)(a) Location and Area	
1.	Prior to the commencement of drilling, the Permittee shall submit the drill target locations on a 1:50,000-scale map with coordinates and map datum to an Inspector and the Board.	Drill Locations
2.	The Permittee shall not conduct this land-use operation on any lands not designated in the complete application.	Location of Activities
	26(1)(b) Time	
3.	At least 48 hours prior to the commencement of this land-use operation, the Permittee's Field Supervisor shall contact an Inspector at (867) [REDACTED].	Contact Inspector
4.	At least 48 hours prior to commencement of this land-use operation, the Permittee shall provide the following information, in writing, to the Board and an Inspector: (a) the name(s) of the person(s) in charge of the field operation; (b) alternates; and (c) all methods for contacting the above person(s).	Identify Agent
5.	At least ten days prior to the completion of the land-use operation, the Permittee shall advise an Inspector of: (a) the plan for removal or storage of equipment and materials; and (b) when final cleanup and reclamation of the land used will be completed.	Reports Before Removal
	26(1)(c) Type and Size of Equipment	
6.	The Permittee shall not use any equipment except of a similar type, size, and number to that listed in the complete application.	Only Approved Equipment
	26(1)(d) Methods and Techniques	
7.	Immediately upon completion of operations at each Borehole, the Permittee shall remove or cut off and seal each drill casing at ground level.	Drill Casings
8.	The Permittee shall plug all boreholes as the land use operation progresses unless otherwise authorized in writing by an Inspector.	Plug Holes
9.	The Permittee shall cap each drill casing immediately upon completion of drilling, unless delayed capping of the drill casing is authorized in writing by an Inspector.	Sealing of Drill Casings
10.	The Permittee shall replace all excavated material from any test pits prior to the expiry of this Permit, unless otherwise authorized in writing by an Inspector.	Test Pits

	26(1)(e) Type, Location, Capacity, and Operation of All Facilities	
11.	The Permittee shall ensure that the land use area is kept clean at all times.	Clean Work Area
	26(1)(f) Control or Prevention of Ponding of Water, Flooding, Erosion, Slides, and Subsidence of Land	
12.	The land-use operation shall not cause obstruction to any natural drainage.	Natural Drainage
13.	The Permittee shall prepare the site in such a manner as to prevent rutting of the ground surface.	Prevention of Rutting
14.	The Permittee shall minimize erosion by installing erosion control structures as the land-use operation progresses.	Progressive Erosion Control
15.	The land-use operation shall not cause obstruction to any natural drainage.	Natural Drainage
16.	The Permittee shall, where flowing water from a Borehole is encountered: (a) plug the Borehole in such a manner as to permanently prevent any further outflow of water; and (b) immediately report the occurrence to the Board and an Inspector.	Flowing Artesian Well
	26(1)(g) Use, Storage, Handling, and Ultimate Disposal of Any Chemical or Toxic Material	
17.	At least seven days prior to the use of any chemicals that were not identified in the complete application, the MSDS sheets must be provided to an Inspector and the Board.	Chemicals
18.	When drilling within 100 metres of the Ordinary High Water Mark of any Watercourse, the Permittee shall contain all drill water and waste in a closed circuit system for reuse, off-site disposal, or deposit into a land-based Sump or natural depression.	Drilling Near Water
19.	The Permittee may deposit Drilling Waste that does not contain Toxic Material in a Sump or natural depression. Any Sumps or natural depressions used to deposit Drilling Waste must be located at least 100 metres from the Ordinary High Water Mark of any Watercourse, unless otherwise authorized in writing by an Inspector.	Drilling Waste
20.	The Permittee shall remove all Drilling Waste containing Toxic Material to an approved disposal facility or as described in the Waste Management Plan.	Drilling Waste Disposal
21.	The Permittee shall not allow any Drilling Waste to spread to the surrounding lands or Watercourses.	Drilling Waste Containment
22.	The Permittee shall maintain a record of all spills. For all reportable spills, in accordance with the GNWT <i>Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations</i> , the Permittee shall:	Report Spills

	(a) immediately report each spill to the 24-hour Spill Report Line (867) 920-8130; (b) report each spill to an Inspector within 24 hours; and (c) submit, to the Board and an Inspector, a detailed report on each spill within 30 days.	
23.	The Permittee shall dispose of all Toxic Material as described in the approved Waste Management Plan.	Waste Chemical Disposal
24.	The Permittee shall dispose of all waste petroleum products by removal to an approved disposal facility or by incineration in a device designed for this purpose, as described in the approved Waste Management Plan.	Waste Petroleum Disposal
	26(1)(h) Wildlife and Fish Habitat	
25.	The Permittee shall take all reasonable measures to prevent damage to wildlife and fish Habitat during this land-use operation.	Habitat Damage
	26(1)(i) Storage, Handling, and Disposal of Refuse or Sewage	
26.	The Permittee shall adhere to the Waste Management Plan, once approved, and shall annually review the plan and make any necessary revisions to reflect changes in operations, technology, chemicals, or fuels, or as directed by the Board. Revisions to the plan shall be submitted to the Board for approval.	Waste Management
27.	The Permittee shall keep all garbage and debris in a secure container until disposal.	Garbage Container
28.	The Permittee shall dispose of all garbage, waste, and debris as described in the approved Waste Management Plan, unless otherwise authorized in writing by an Inspector.	Remove Garbage
	26(1)(j) Protection of Historical, Archaeological, and Burial Sites	
29.	The Permittee shall not knowingly remove, disturb, or displace any archaeological specimen or site.	Site Disturbance
30.	The Permittee shall, where a suspected archaeological or historical site, or burial ground is discovered: (a) immediately suspend operations on the site; and (b) notify the Board at (867) 669-0506 or an Inspector at (867) 695-2626, and the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre at (867) 767-9347 ext. 71251 or (867) 767-9347 ext. 71250.	Site Discovery and Notification
	26(1)(k) Objects and Places of Recreational, Scenic, and Ecological Value <i>Intentionally left blank</i>	
	26(1)(l) Security Deposit	

31.	All costs to remediate the area under this Permit are the responsibility of the Permittee.	Responsibility for Remediation Costs
	26(1)(m) Fuel Storage	
32.	The Permittee shall not allow petroleum products to spread to surrounding lands or Watercourses.	Fuel Containment
33.	The Permittee shall adhere to the Spill Contingency Plan, once approved, and shall annually review the plan and make any necessary revisions to reflect changes in operations, technology, chemicals, or fuels, or as directed by the Board. Revisions to the plan shall be submitted to the Board for approval.	Spill Contingency Plan
34.	Prior to commencement of operations, the Permittee shall ensure that spill-response equipment is in place to respond to any potential spills.	Spill Response
35.	All equipment that may be parked for two hours or more, shall have a haz-mat/drip tray under it or be sufficiently diapered. Leaky equipment shall be repaired immediately.	Drip Trays
36.	The Permittee shall clean up all leaks, spills, and contaminated material.	Clean Up Spills
	26(1)(n) Methods and Techniques for Debris and Brush Disposal	
37.	The Permittee shall progressively dispose of all brush and trees and shall complete all brush disposal; all disposal shall be completed prior to the expiry date of this Permit.	Brush Disposal/ Time
38.	The Permittee shall not clear areas larger than identified in the complete application.	Minimize Area Cleared
	26(1)(o) Restoration of the Lands	
39.	Prior to the expiry date of this Permit, the Permittee shall complete all cleanup and restoration of the lands used.	Final Cleanup and Restoration
40.	The Permittee shall carry out progressive reclamation of disturbed areas as soon as it is practical to do so.	Progressive Reclamation
	26(1)(p) Display of Permits and Permit Numbers	
41.	The Permittee shall keep a copy of this Permit on hand at all times during this land-use operation.	Copy of Permit
	26(1)(q) Biological and Physical Protection of the Land	
42.	If any plan is not approved by the Board, the Permittee shall revise the plan according to the Board's direction and re-submit it to the Board for approval.	Resubmit Plan

43.	The Permittee shall adhere to the Engagement Plan, once approved, and shall annually review the plan and make any necessary revisions to reflect changes in operations or as directed by the Board. Revisions to the plan shall be submitted to the Board for approval.	Engagement Plan
44.	All revised plans submitted to the Board shall include a brief summary of the changes made to the plan.	Summary of Changes