

WELL INSPECTION REPORT

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Complete both pages.
2. Send one electronic copy of this form and supporting technical documentation by email to orogo@gov.nt.ca. If you wish to communicate with OROGO in hard copy, please do so using the courier address found at www.orogo.gov.nt.ca.

WELL INFORMATION

Well Name: L-29 60-10N 117-15W

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Coordinates: <i>(verify onsite)</i> | Lat: 60° 8' 41" | Long: 117° 35' 34" |
| | Datum: NAD83 | |

Well Operator: Alvarez & Marsal Canada Inc., in its capacity as receiver of Strategic Oil and Gas's NWT Property Status: Suspended

Current Inspection Date: October 30, 2021 WID: 2041

Previous Inspection Date: September 28, 2019 Completed in H₂S zone? Select % of H₂S:

EVALUATION

Site

Accessible for inspection and monitoring? Yes; winter roads or helicopter

Equipment or debris on site? No;

Additional clean up required? No;

Any environmental or safety concerns? (see Note 1) No;

Number of photos attached? (required) 3 (wellhead, valves, signage and site area, other)

Wellhead

Wellhead accessible for inspection and monitoring? Yes;

Brush cleared 10m around wellhead? Yes;

Visible well marker in place? Yes;

Wellhead chained and locked? Yes;

Pumpjack secure? Select N/A No Pumpjack on site

Wellhead valves operate freely? Yes;

Surface casing vent open? Yes;

Pressure test well head seal assembly? Yes;

Pressure rating of all components: 21000 kPa

Wellhead schematic attached? (required) No;

SCVF / Gas Migration

Evidence of SCVF? ^{Note 1} No;

SCVF test conducted? Yes; 10 minute Bubble Test Passed

Signs of gas migration outside surface casing? ^{Note 1} No; Migration is detected within 1 foot (0.3m) of the wellbore

Gas migration test conducted? Yes; See attached report

Well

Does well contain tubing? No;

Does well contain pump and rods? No;

Is there a packer/plug above the perms? Yes;

Are tapped bull plugs in place? Yes;

Shut in production casing pressure: 12 kPa ^{Note 2} Shut in intermediate casing pressure: kPa ^{Note 2}

Shut in production tubing pressure: kPa ^{Note 2}


Include any other readings taken:
(Use separate page(s) if needed)

Note 1: As per Section 75 of the Oil and Gas Drilling and Production Regulations, it is the responsibility of the operator to notify OROGO of any pollution incident as soon as possible.

Note 2: Indicate any change in pressure since last inspection.

COMMENTS:

"I certify on the basis of personal knowledge of operations undertaken at the above named well that the above information is accurate."

| | | | |
|-----------|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name | <u>Duncan MacRae</u> | Phone | <u>(403) 538-7514 Ext</u> |
| Title | <u>Vice President</u> | E-Mail | <u>dmacrae@alvarezandmarsal.com</u> |
| Operator | <u>Alvarez & Marsal Canada Inc., in its capacity as receiver of Strategic Oil and Gas's NWT Property</u> | Inspected by | <u>Chris Watson - HeliSource</u> |
| Signature |  <u>Responsible Officer of Company</u> | Date | <u> </u> |

OROGO use only

The details of this document have been examined and verified by:

Job Designation _____

Well Identifier _____

Signature _____

Approval Authority

Unique Well Identifier 30 / _____ - _____ - _____ / _____
(eg. 300 / A01 60-00 120-00 / 0)

Date _____

WELL INSPECTION REPORT

L-29 60-10N 117-15W - Photos



Heli Source

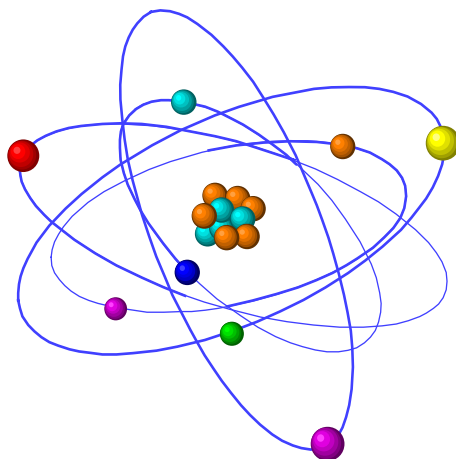
Work Order-Ref #: 21265

Vapor Intrusion Assessment (VIA)

Surface Casing Vent (SCV) Flow Test

Cameron Hills L-29

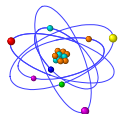
October 30, 2021



GCHEM Ltd.

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FORENSIC SOLUTIONS FOR ENERGY CHALLENGES

**1.0 Vapor Intrusions Assessment (VIA) Summary**

Operating Company: Strategic Oil and Gas Ltd.
Well Name: Paramount et al Cameron Hills L-29
UWI: L-29 60-10N 117-15W

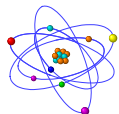
License Number: 2041
Test Date: October 30, 2021
GCHEM Project Number: 21265

1.1 Production Casing Assessment Summary Table

| | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Combustible Gas (CH ₄) (%LEL) | nm | | |
| Hydrogen Sulphide (H ₂ S) Gas (ppm v/v) | nm | | |
| PC Flow Rate (m ³ /day) | nm | | |
| P-T Date Logger Installed | nm | | |
| P-T Data Logger Removed | nm | | |
| P-T Data Logger Test Duration | nm | | |
| MAX Pressure (kPa) | nm | | |
| Gas Spls. Collection-Measurement | Total Collected | Analysis Requested* | Classification** |
| PC Samples (Total) | 0 | | |
| PC Combustible Gas Class. Level-1 (Chemical) | | NA | NA |
| PC Combustible Gas Class. Level-2 (δ ¹³ C) | | NA | NA |
| PC Combustible Gas Class. Level-3 (δD) | | NA | NA |
| PC Combustible Gas Class. Level-4 (¹⁴ C) | | NA | NA |

1.2 Surface Casing Vent Flow (SCVF) Assessment Summary Table

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| SCV Ten-Minute Bubble Test Result | PASS | | |
| SCV Flow Rate (m ³ /day) | 0 | | |
| SCV Pressure-Temp Logger Installed | NA | | |
| SCV Pressure-Temp Data Logger Removed | NA | | |
| SCV Shut-In Time (hrs) | NA | | |
| SCV MAX-Recorded Build Up Pressure (kPa) | NA | | |
| SCV Stabilized Build-up Pressure (kPa): | NA | | |
| SCV Stabilized Build-up Time (hours) | NA | | |
| SCV Standpipe Max CH ₄ Content (ppm v/v): | 1 | | |
| SCV Standpipe Max H ₂ S Content | <1 | | |
| SCV Gas Spls. Collection-Measurement | Total Collected | Analysis Requested* | Classification** |
| SCV Samples (Total) | 1 | | |
| SCV Combustible Gas Class. Level-1 (Chemical) | | 1 | Hydrocarbon Contamination |
| SCV Combustible Gas Class. Level-2 (δ ¹³ C) | | NA | NA |
| SCV Combustible Gas Class. Level-3 (δD) | | NA | NA |
| SCV Combustible Gas Class. Level-4 (¹⁴ C) | | NA | NA |



1.3 Soils Outside Casing (AGM) Assessment Summary Tables

A) Non-Intrusive CH₄ Surface Soil Scan (PMD) (Figure-1 and Table-1)

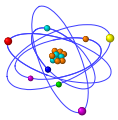
| | |
|--|----------|
| Well Casing Surface CH ₄ Test Sites | 28 |
| MAX Surface CH ₄ Reading | 87.9%LEL |
| MAX H ₂ S Well Soil Reading (ppm v/v) | <1 |
| Number of Background Sites | 1 |
| MAX Background CH ₄ (ppm v/v) | 1 |
| Max H ₂ S BKG Soil Reading (ppm v/v) | <1 |
| Surface CH₄-PMD Gas Classification | |
| NON-IMPACTED | |

B) Non-Intrusive Surface Enclosed Soil Vapor FLUX Chamber Test

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Surface SV-FC CH ₄ Test Sites | nm | | |
| MAX SV-FC CH ₄ Reading | nm | | |
| SV-FC Gas Spl. Collection-Measurement | Total Collected | Analysis Requested* | Test Site |
| SV-FC Samples (Total) | 0 | | |
| SV-FC & Sites Requested for Level-1 Analysis | | NA | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-1 (Chem.) | | NA | |
| SV-FC & Sites Requested for Level-2 Analysis | | NA | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-2 (δ ¹³ C) | | NA | |
| SV-FC & Sites Requested for Level-3 Analysis | | NA | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-3 (δD) | | NA | |
| SV-FC & Sites Requested for Level-4 Analysis | | NA | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-4 (¹⁴ C) | | NA | |

C) Intrusive Auger Test Holes with Soil Vapor Probes (Figure 2 and Table 2)

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Number Soil Vapor Probe (SVP) Test Sites | 20 | | |
| MAX SVP CH ₄ Reading (ppm v/v) | 1113 | | |
| Max H ₂ S SVP Field Reading (ppm v/v) | <1 | | |
| Number SVP BKG Test Sites | 1 | | |
| MAX SVP CH ₄ BKG Test Sites (ppm v/v) | 1 | | |
| SVPs Gas Spl. Collection & Measurement | Total Collected | Analysis Requested* | Test Site |
| Soil Vapor Probes (SVPs) AGM (Total) | 8 | | |
| SVP & Sites Requested for Level-1 Analysis | | 8 | N0.3, E0.3, S0.3, W0.3, NE0.3, SE0.3, SW0.3 & NW0.3 |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-1 (Chem.) | | IMPACTED | |
| SVP & Sites Requested for Level-2 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-2 (δ ¹³ C) | | NA | |
| SVP & Sites Requested for Level-3 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-3 (δD) | | NA | |
| SVP & Sites Requested for Level-4 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-4 (¹⁴ C) | | NA | |

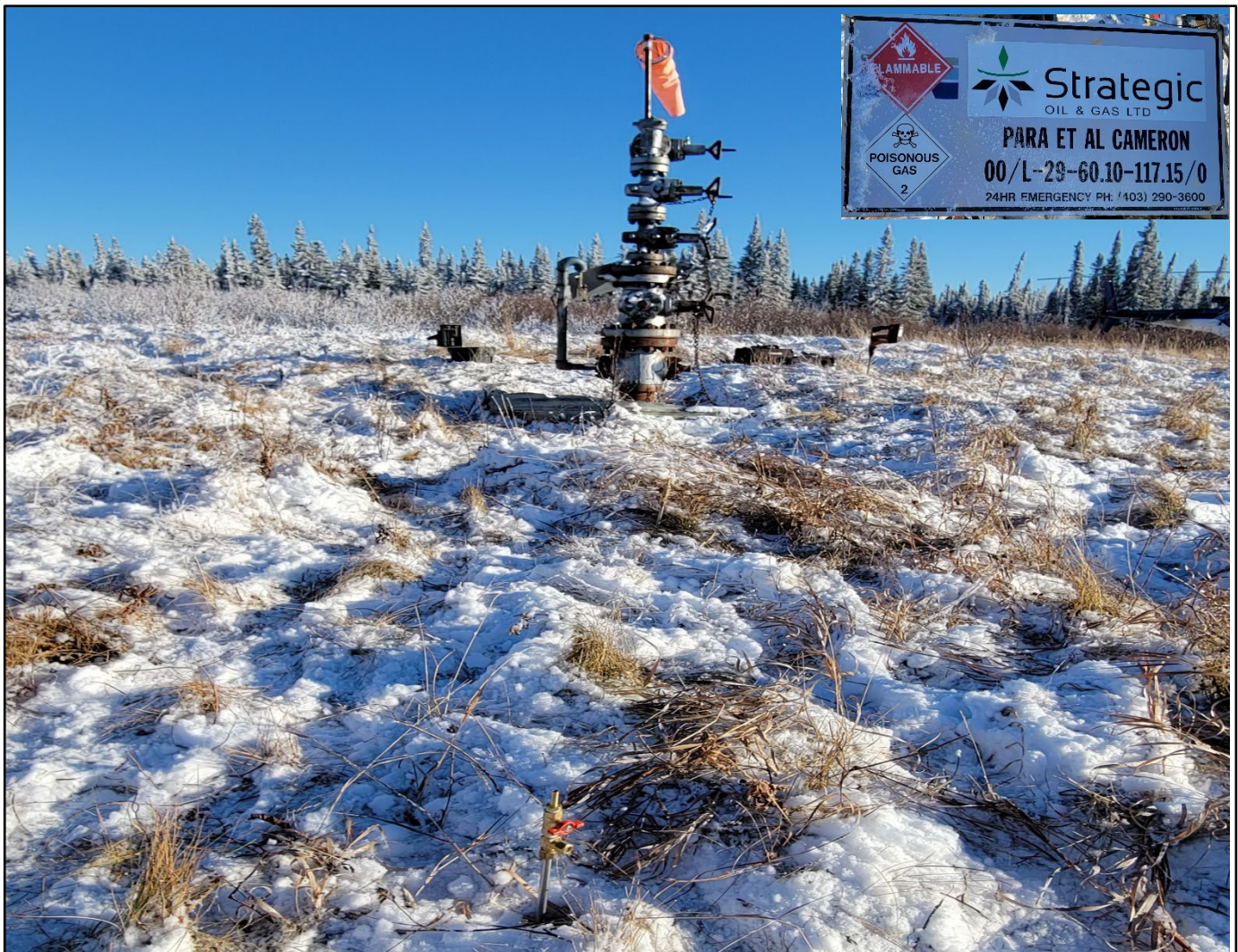


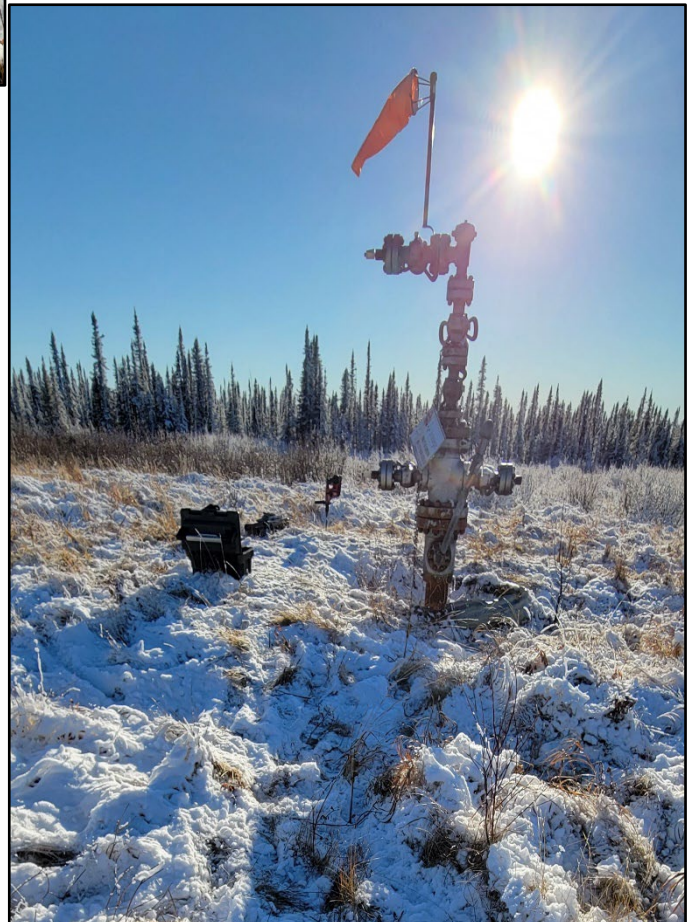
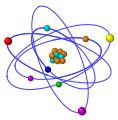
| BKG Gas Spl. Collection-Measurement | Total Collected | Analysis Requested* | Test Site |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|-----------|
| BKG Soil Vapor Probe (SVPs) (Total) | 1 | | |
| BKG & Sites Requested for Level-1 Analysis | | 1 | BKG S15 |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-1 (Chem.) | | | BASELINE |
| BKG & Sites Requested for Level-2 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-2 ($\delta^{13}C$) | | | NA |
| BKG & Sites Requested for Level-3 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-3 (δD) | | | NA |
| BKG & Sites Requested for Level-4 Analysis | | 0 | NA |
| Combustible Gas Classification Level-4 (^{14}C) | | | NA |

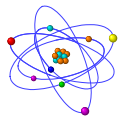
* Sample selection for chemical and isotope analysis (geochemical analytical suite) selected by client/operator.

1.4 Interpreted Source of Migrating Gases

| Sample Point | Geologic Formation | Depth Range | Source Depth |
|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------|
| No samples submitted for stable isotope composition analysis. | | | |





**3.0 Vapor Intrusion and Surface Casing Vent Flow Testing and Sampling Comments****Assessment-Collection Date: October 30, 2021**

- 1) The Surface Casing Vent passed the ten-minute bubble test (1 ppm v/v methane).
- 2) A surface combustible gas scan was performed near the wellbore using a Sensit Portable Methane Detector (PMD). Readings were elevated within 0.3m of wellbore (up to 87.9 % LEL) all other readings were comparable to background (1 ppm v/v) established 15m south from the wellbore (Figure 1, Table 1).
- 3) An intrusive soil gas migration test was then performed by drilling test holes and inserting Soil Vapor Probes (SVPs). Combustible gas readings in the SVPs were low (1 ppm v/v, except 1113 ppm v/v at N0.3m), comparable to the background probe (1 ppm v/v methane) installed approximately 15m south of the wellbore to establish background levels in the area and for comparison to other samples collected during this investigation (Figure 2, Table 2).
- 4) Eight soil gas samples from SVPs (N0.3, E0.3, S0.3, W0.3, NE0.3, SE0.3, SW0.3 & NW0.3) and gases from background (BKG S15) were collected, contained, and preserved for geochemical analysis and characterization, classification, geologic origin (source) and depth measured from the KB (Table 3).
- 5) Methane and C₂ + light alkane gas levels in soil gases collected near the wellbore at N0.3, E0.3, S0.3) are elevated, comparable to background established 15m south of the wellbore (Figure 3) and consistent with migrating natural gases from a thermogenic source at depth.
- 6) Soil gases collected at NW0.3 and from the SCV are consistent with gases from the breakdown/decomposition/weathering of hydrocarbon or chemical spills and not the result of migrating thermogenic natural gases.
- 7) C₆₊ contents in the soil samples are elevated compared to background levels indicating the presence of hydrocarbon contamination and/or chemical spills (Figure 4).
- 8) This well is likely impacted by gas migration at the time of this investigation.

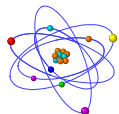


Figure 1. AGM Non-Intrusive Surface PMD

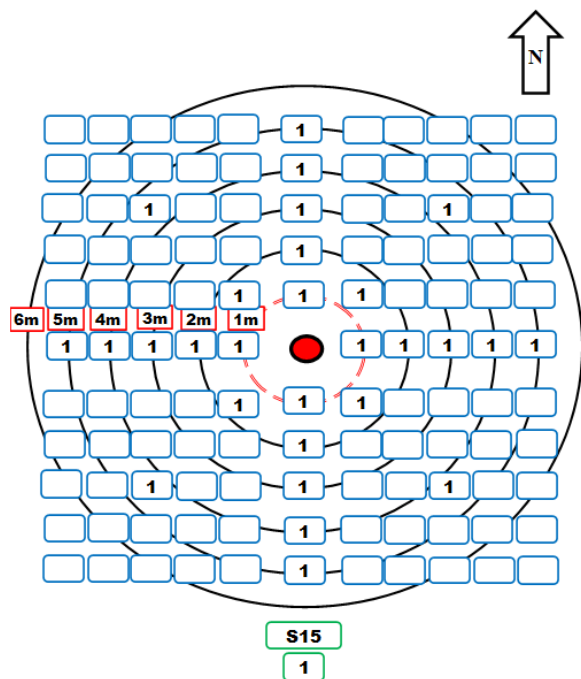


Figure 1A. Non-Intrusive CH₄ Surface Well Casing Detail VIEW

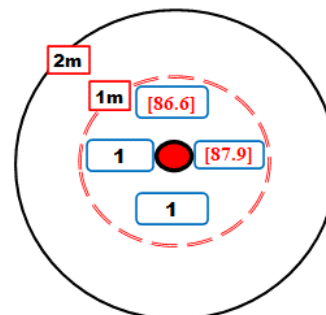


Table 1. AGM Non-Intrusive Surface PMD

| WELL CASING (AGM) Non-Intrusive Surface PMD (CH ₄) Soil Scan | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) |
| N.5 | [86.6] | E.5 | [87.9] | S.5 | 1 | W.5 | 1 |
| N1 | 1 | E1 | 1 | S1 | 1 | W1 | 1 |
| N2 | 1 | E2 | 1 | S2 | 1 | W2 | 1 |
| N3 | 1 | E3 | 1 | S3 | 1 | W3 | 1 |
| N4 | 1 | E4 | 1 | S4 | 1 | W4 | 1 |
| N5 | 1 | E5 | 1 | S5 | 1 | W5 | 1 |
| N5-E1 | | E5-S1 | | S5-W1 | | W5-N1 | |
| N4-E1 | | E5-S2 | | S4-W1 | | W5-N2 | |
| N3-E1 | | E5-S3 | | S3-W1 | | W5-N3 | |
| N2-E1 | | E5-S4 | | S2-W1 | | W5-N4 | |
| N1-E1 | 1 | E5-S5 | | S1-W1 | 1 | W5-N5 | |
| N1-E2 | | E4-S5 | | S1-W2 | | W4-N5 | |
| N2-E2 | | E4-S4 | | S2-W2 | | W4-N4 | |
| N3-E2 | | E4-S3 | | S3-W2 | | W4-N3 | |
| N4-E2 | | E4-S2 | | S4-W2 | | W4-N2 | |
| N5-E2 | | E4-S1 | | S5-W2 | | W4-N1 | |
| N5-E3 | | E3-S1 | | S5-W3 | | W3-N1 | |
| N4-E3 | | E3-S2 | | S4-W3 | | W3-N2 | |
| N3-E3 | 1 | E3-S3 | 1 | S3-W3 | 1 | W3-N3 | 1 |
| N2-E3 | | E3-S4 | | S2-W3 | | W3-N4 | |
| N1-E3 | | E3-S5 | | S1-W3 | | W3-N5 | |
| N1-E4 | | E2-S5 | | S1-W4 | | W2-N5 | |
| N2-E4 | | E2-S4 | | S2-W4 | | W2-N4 | |
| N3-E4 | | E2-S3 | | S3-W4 | | W2-N3 | |
| N4-E4 | | E2-S2 | | S4-W4 | | W2-N2 | |
| N5-E4 | | E2-S1 | | S5-W4 | | W2-N1 | |
| N5-E5 | | E1-S1 | 1 | S5-W5 | | W1-N1 | 1 |
| N4-E5 | | E1-S2 | | S4-W5 | | W1-N2 | |
| N3-E5 | | E1-S3 | | S3-W5 | | W1-N3 | |
| N2-E5 | | E1-S4 | | S2-W5 | | W1-N4 | |
| N1-E5 | | E1-S5 | | S1-W5 | | W1-N5 | |

BACKGROUND Non-Intrusive Surface PMD (CH₄) Soil Scan

| Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) | Test Site (m) | PMD CH ₄ (ppm v/v) (%) |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| S15 | 1 | | | | | | |

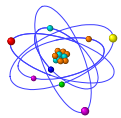


Figure 2. AGM Intrusive SVPs-

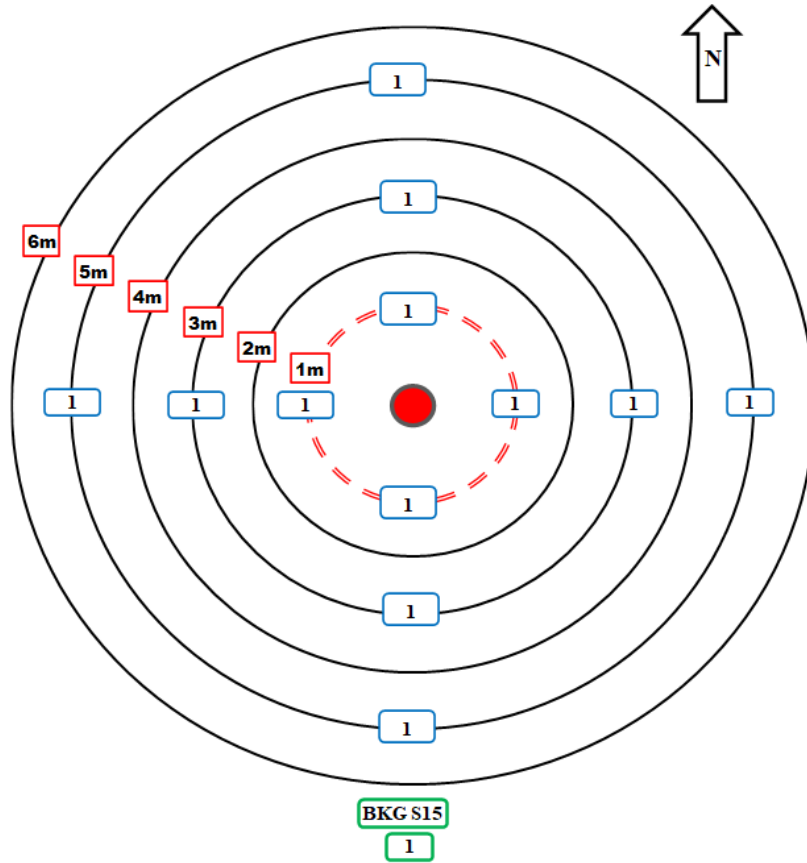


Table 2. AGM Intrusive SVPs

| Intrusive AGM - Hand Auger-Test Hole-Install Soil Vapor Probes (SVPs) ATM-Isolated | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Test Site (m) | Soil Vapor Probes | | Soil Parameters Type | Moist. (1-5) | HC-CONT (Y-N) | Gas Sample (Y-N) | Site Assessment Comments |
| | IR-CH ₄ (ppm v/v) | H ₂ S (%LEL) | | | | | |
| N0.3 | 1113 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| N2 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| N4 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| N6 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| E0.3 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| E2 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| E4 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| E6 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| S0.3 | 31 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| S2 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| S4 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| S6 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| W0.3 | N/F | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | No Flow |
| W2 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| W4 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| W6 | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | No | |
| NE | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| SE | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| NW | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |
| SW | 1 | <1.0 | Slit | 5 | No | Yes | |

| Test Site (m) | Soil Vapor Probes | | Soil Parameters Type | Moist. (1-5) | HC-CONT (Y-N) | Gas Sample (Y-N) | Site Assessment Comments |
|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| | IR-CH ₄ (ppm v/v) | H ₂ S (% Vol) | | | | | |
| BKG S15 | 1 | <1.0 | Clay | 5 | No | Yes | |

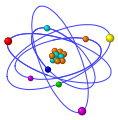


Table 1. High resolution molecular compositions of gas samples collected as part of the VIA Heli Source L-29.

| Gas Component | SCV Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | N0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | E0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | S0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | W0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | NE0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | SE0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | NW0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | SW0.3 Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v | BKG Oct. 30-21 ppm v/v |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Neon | 21.76 | 20.08 | 22.85 | 20.81 | 21.04 | 21.60 | 22.45 | 22.09 | 21.86 | 21.20 |
| Hydrogen | 241.8 | 137.6 | 151.4 | 146.3 | 158.3 | 232.0 | 199.9 | 165.6 | 165.9 | 311.6 |
| Helium | 1.12 | 0.55 | 0.84 | 0.70 | 1.62 | 1.43 | 0.56 | 0.63 | 0.54 | 0.78 |
| Nitrogen | 778117 | 774760 | 775488 | 774003 | 776881 | 775800 | 776161 | 775205 | 775647 | 775417 |
| Oxygen | 215625 | 223144 | 223434 | 223058 | 221709 | 222997 | 223044 | 222587 | 223570 | 223065 |
| Carbon Dioxide | 5260 | 1272 | 864.1 | 1101 | 1222 | 930.9 | 590.9 | 1867 | 614.8 | 1159 |
| Methane | 90.29 | 606.2 | 52.54 | 1624 | 23.45 | 26.62 | 2.88 | 113.7 | 2.14 | 43.34 |
| Ethane | 151.8 | 33.64 | 4.37 | 41.17 | 0.89 | 2.20 | <0.01 | 7.02 | <0.01 | 1.25 |
| Ethene | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| Propane | 218.6 | 24.82 | 2.23 | 15.21 | 0.39 | 3.17 | <0.01 | 11.24 | <0.01 | 1.56 |
| Propene | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| Iso-Butane | 82.65 | 6.04 | 0.70 | 4.70 | 0.18 | 1.45 | 0.19 | 8.39 | 0.00 | 1.13 |
| n-Butane | 137.6 | 8.97 | 0.56 | 3.41 | <0.01 | 2.69 | 0.15 | 10.53 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
| Iso-Pentane | 43.36 | 3.18 | 0.30 | 1.22 | <0.01 | 0.92 | <0.01 | 6.36 | <0.01 | 0.21 |
| n-Pentane | 29.93 | 2.06 | 0.14 | 0.84 | <0.01 | 0.63 | <0.01 | 5.60 | <0.01 | <0.01 |
| C6+ | 0.39 | 0.68 | 0.93 | 0.56 | 2.45 | 0.38 | 0.82 | 11.92 | 0.24 | 0.18 |
| C1 Index (C1/ΣC2+) | 0.17 | 8.72 | 7.20 | 26.78 | 18.38 | 3.06 | 18.70 | 3.31 | N/A | 14.67 |
| C2 Index (C2/ΣC3+) | 0.39 | 0.94 | 1.49 | 2.11 | 2.29 | 0.34 | N/A | 0.26 | N/A | 0.73 |
| C3 Index (C3/ΣC4+) | 1.30 | 2.25 | 3.19 | 3.57 | N/A | 0.96 | N/A | 0.70 | N/A | 10.30 |
| C4 Index (C4/C5) | 4.60 | 4.36 | 3.94 | 4.06 | N/A | 4.29 | N/A | 1.88 | N/A | N/A |
| ΣC2+ | 537.9 | 69.49 | 7.29 | 60.64 | 1.28 | 8.68 | 0.15 | 34.39 | N/A | 2.95 |
| ATM Ratio (N2/O2) | 3.61 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 3.50 | 3.48 | 3.48 | 3.48 | 3.47 | 3.48 |
| Vol % CO2 of TG | 0.53 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.12 |
| Vol % Lt. Alk. of TG | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Vol % Lt. Alk. CH4 | 11.97 | 88.51 | 86.36 | 96.06 | 94.14 | 70.61 | 89.39 | 69.83 | 100.0 | 90.98 |
| Vol % Lt. Alk. C2+ | 88.03 | 11.49 | 13.64 | 3.94 | 5.86 | 29.39 | 10.61 | 30.17 | 0.00 | 9.02 |
| Vol % C2+ of TG | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Stable Carbon Isotope Compositions (‰ VPDB) | | | | | | | | | | |
| d13C CH4 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C C2H6 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C C2H4 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C C3H8 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C C3H6 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C i-C4H10 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C n-C4H10 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C i-C5H12 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C n-C5H12 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| d13C CO2 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| Stable Hydrogen Isotopic Compositions (‰ VSMOW) | | | | | | | | | | |
| dD H2 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| dD CH4 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| dD C2H6 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| dD C3H8 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| dD i-C4H10 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| dD n-C4H10 | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| 14C Concentration (pMC) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |

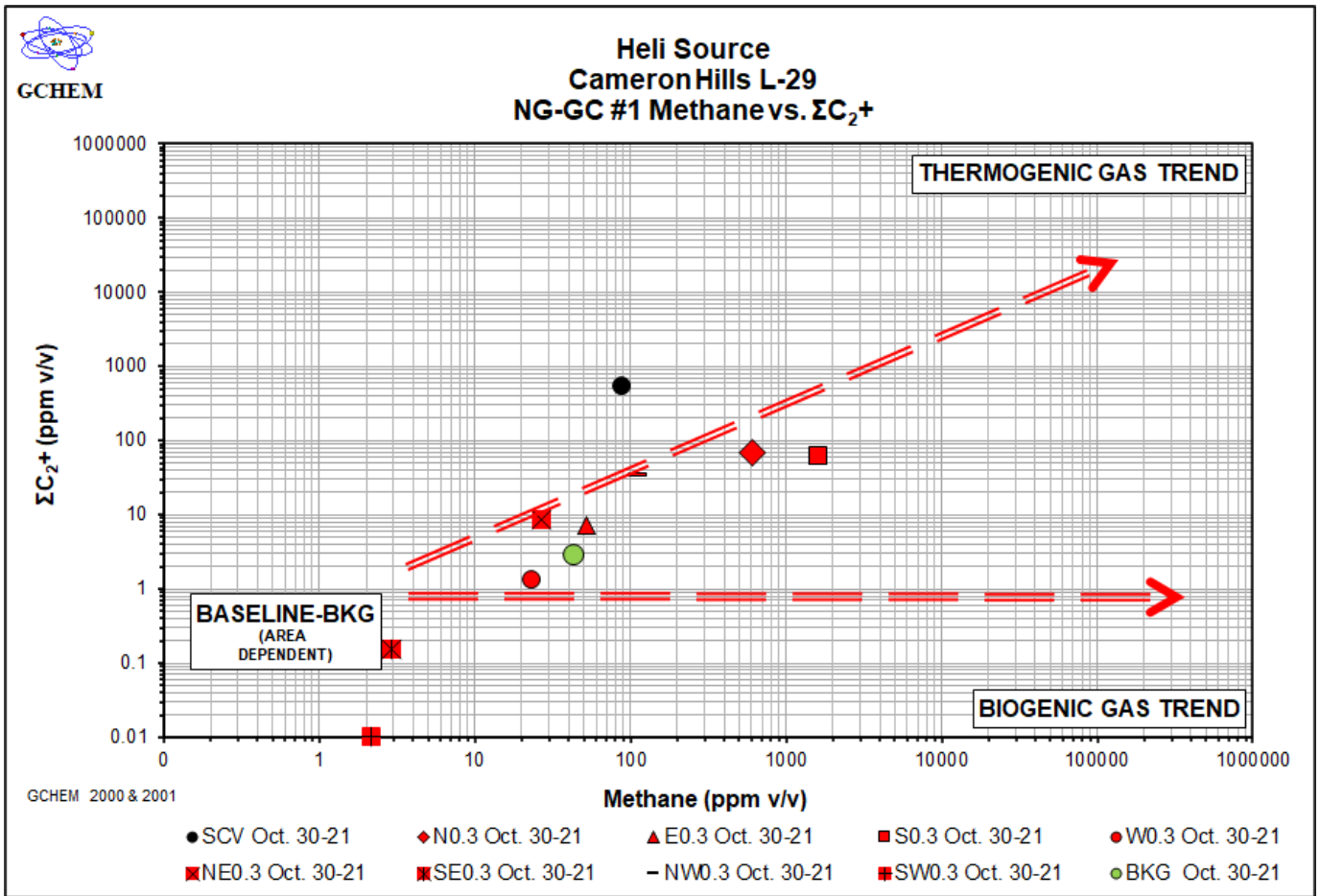
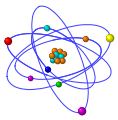


Figure 3: ΣC_2+ vs Methane. Combustible gases detected in soils and SCVs at a wellhead may result from several origins. Natural gases indicative of SCVF or AGM are thermogenic in origin (natural gas in deep reservoirs), contain high methane and C_2+ contents and plot in the Upper RH Quadrant. Low natural gas levels in background, off lease areas are naturally present in soils, vary from region to region and plot in the Lower LH Quadrant. Biogenic gases (swamp-gas) are produced by bacteria, are comprised of predominantly methane and plot in Lower RH Quadrant. Samples plotting in the Lower LH and RH do not contain SCVF or AGM and would not require down-hole remediation

NG-GC-1 Comments

- 1) Natural gases in the SCV and soils near the wellbore contain elevated levels of C_2+ gases indicating that this well is likely impacted with leaking thermogenic natural gases.

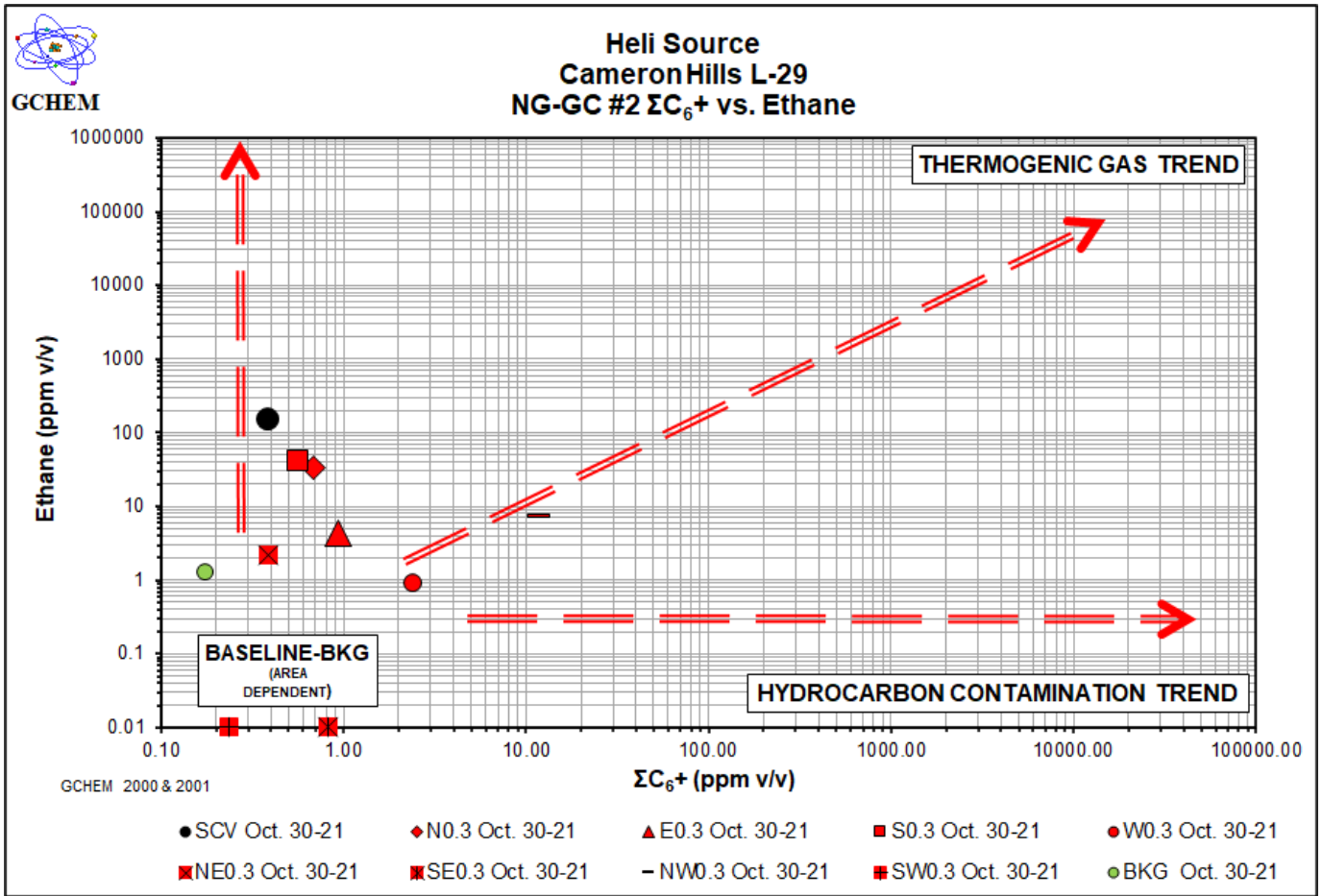
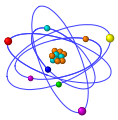


Figure 4: ΣC_6+ vs Ethane. C_6+ gases are relatively large molecules that do not readily or easily migrate in large quantities from depth upwards through subsurface fractures or micro-fractures to surface. Contamination by oil spills, fuels, and solvents is indicated by soil vapor samples that have high contents of C_6+ compounds and plot in the Lower RH Quadrant. Samples plotting in the Lower LH and RH Quadrants do not contain evidence of either SCVF or AGM and would not require downhole repair operations.

NG-GC-2 Comments

- 1) C_6+ contents of the SCV and soil gas samples are elevated compared to expected baseline readings indicating the presence of hydrocarbon or chemical contamination.

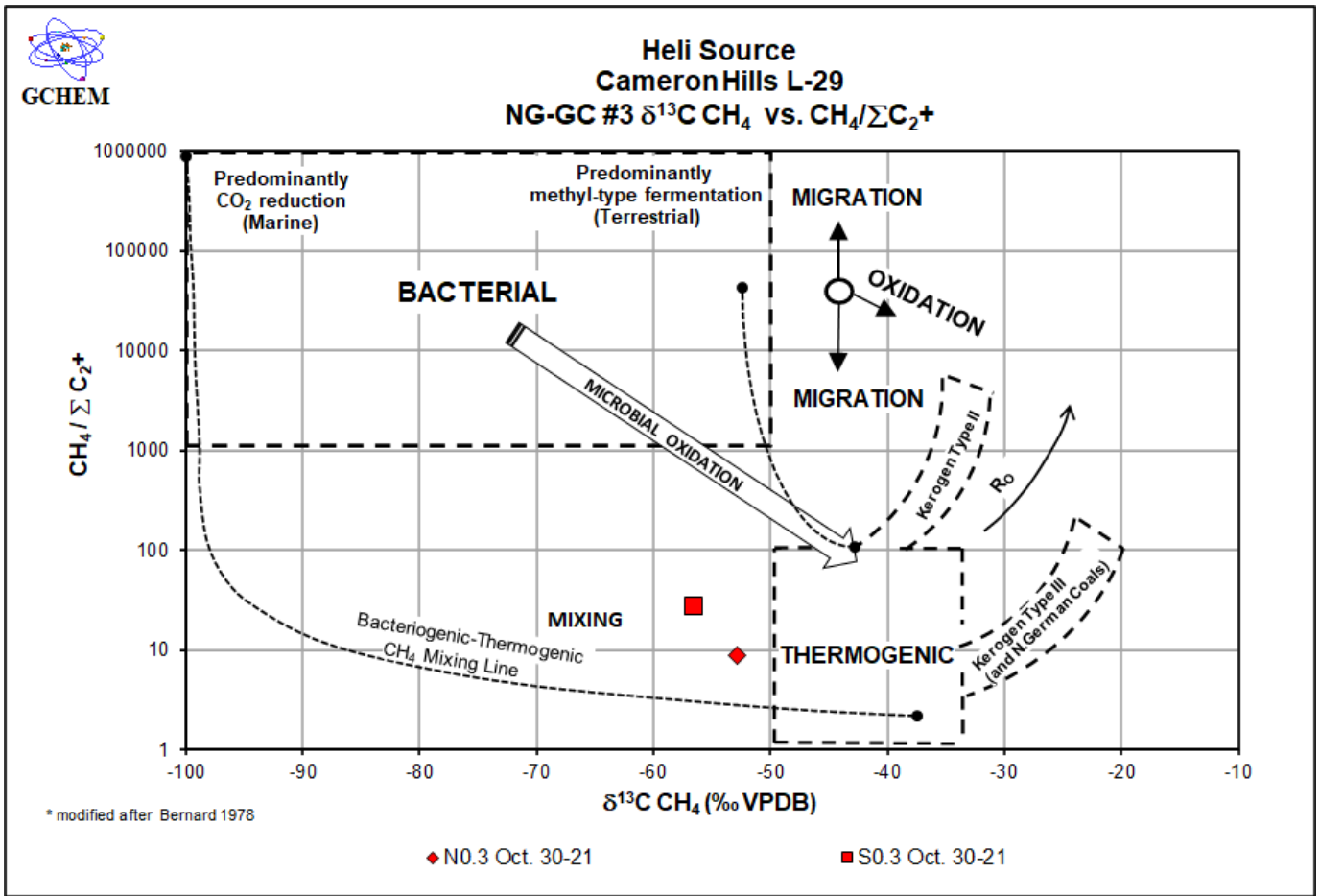
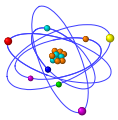


Figure-5. NG-GC #3 $\text{CH}_4 / \Sigma\text{C}_{2+}$ vs. $\delta^{13}\text{C CH}_4$. Thermogenic methane or methane generated by abiotic processes such as the thermal degradation of organic matter at high temperature and pressure (thermogenesis) contains enriched less negative ^{13}C values ranging from -50 to -20‰ VPDB and methane relative to C_{2+} gas contents (gas wetness) less than 100. Methane gas can be generated by biotic processes such as the degradation of organic matter via CO_2 reduction or fermentation reactions generating biogenic methane. It should be noted that as a normal part of soil respiration, methane may be generated or destroyed by variable biotic pathways. Biogenic methane gas may be oxidized by bacteria resulting in an isotopic enriching effect i.e. ^{13}C values become less negative as a result of oxidizing bacteria in soils that preferentially consume ^{12}C over ^{13}C , leaving the remaining gas enriched in ^{13}C . Since biogenic oxidation decreases the ratio between ^{12}C and ^{13}C , it may result in enriched $^{13}\text{C CH}_4$ values that overlap with the MIXING or THERMOGENIC-GENERATION. Biogenic methane may therefore contain ^{13}C values greater than -50‰ VPDB (GCHEM Internal RD).

NG-GC-3 Comments

- 1) Methane in the SCV and soils near the wellbore is consistent with a mixture of gases of biogenic and thermogenic origins.

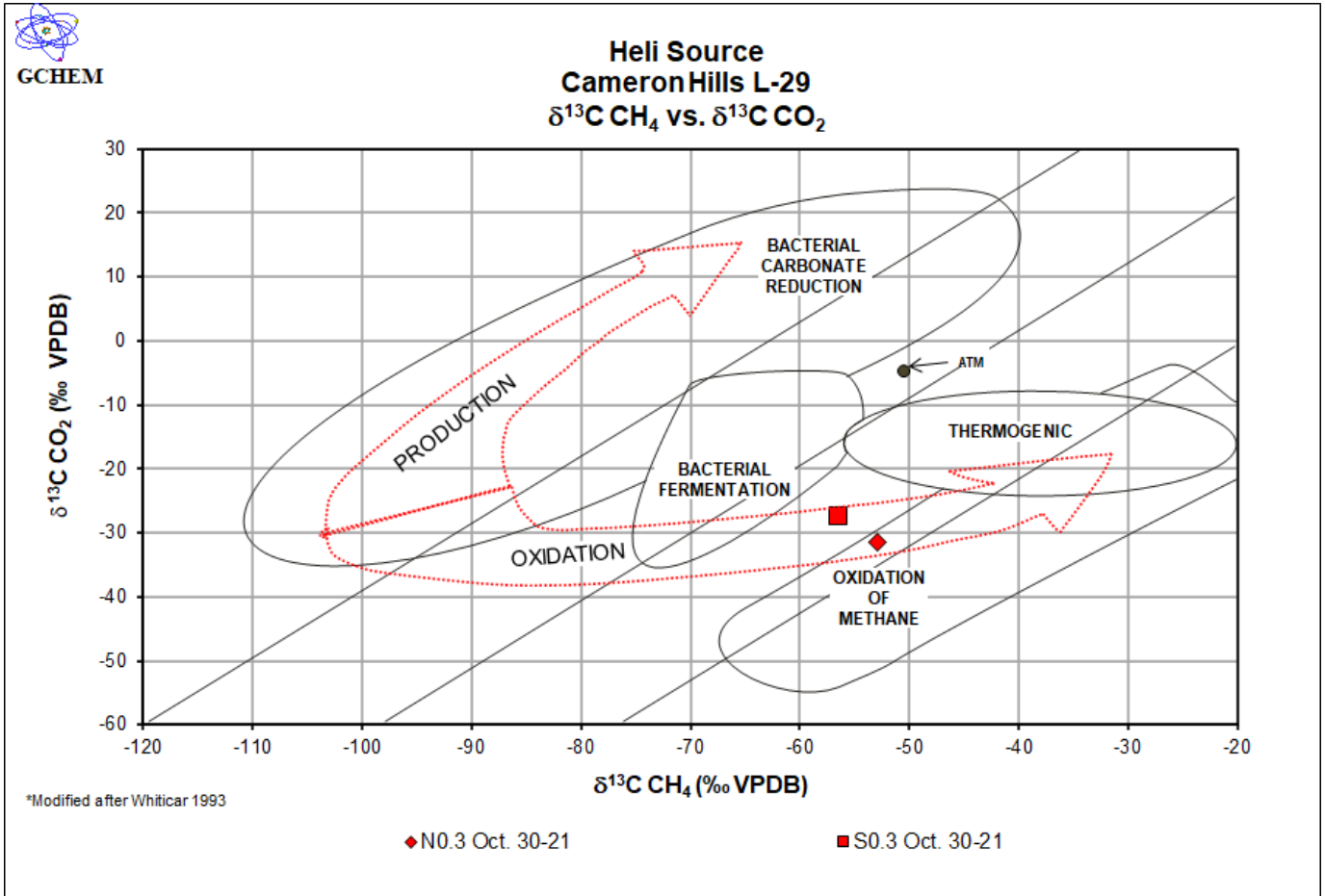
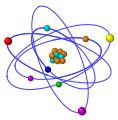


FIGURE-6. NG-GC #4 $\delta^{13}\text{C CO}_2$ vs. $\delta^{13}\text{C CH}_4$. Thermogenic methane or methane generated by abiotic processes such as the degradation of organic matter at high temperature and pressure contains enriched less negative ^{13}C values ranging from -55 to -20 ‰ VPDB or higher and $^{13}\text{C CO}_2$ values in the range of -25 to 4 ‰ VPDB. Methane gas may be generated by biotic processes such as the degradation of organic matter via CO_2 reduction or fermentation reactions generating biogenic methane. Biogenic methane may contain ^{13}C values greater than -40 ‰ VPDB due to biogenic oxidation processes (GCHEM, in prep).

NG-GC-4 Comments

- 1) Methane in the SCV and soils near the wellbore is consistent with a mixture of gases of biogenic and thermogenic origins.